Public Document Pack



<u>To</u>: Councillor Boulton, <u>Convener</u>; Councillor Stewart, the Depute Provost, <u>Vice Convener</u>; and Councillors Allan, Cooke, Copland, Cormie, Greig, MacKenzie and Malik.

Town House, ABERDEEN 02 September 2021

PLANNING DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE – PRE DETERMINATION HEARING

The Members of the **PLANNING DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE** are requested to meet in Council Chamber - Town House on **THURSDAY**, **9 SEPTEMBER 2021 at 9.30 am**.

The meeting will be webcast and a live stream can be viewed on the Council's website. Aberdeen City Council webcasts.

Home - Aberdeen City Council webcasts (public-i.tv)

FRASER BELL CHIEF OFFICER - GOVERNANCE

BUSINESS

MEMBERS PLEASE NOTE THAT ALL LETTERS OF REPRESENTATION ARE NOW AVAILABLE TO VIEW ONLINE. PLEASE CLICK ON THE LINK WITHIN THE RELEVANT COMMITTEE ITEM.

DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

1 Members are requested to intimate any declarations of interest (Pages 3 - 4)

GENERAL BUSINESS

Residential development (133 units) with associated landscaping and parking and supporting ancillary infrastructure - land to the South and South-west of Deeside Brae, Aberdeen (Pages 5 - 44)

Planning Reference – 201558

All documents associated with this application can be found at the following link and enter the reference number above:-<u>Planning search</u>

Planning Officer: Alex Ferguson

Website Address: www.aberdeencity.gov.uk

Should you require any further information about this agenda, please contact Lynsey McBain, Committee Officer, on 01224 522123 or email lymcbain@aberdeencity.gov.uk

Agenda Item 1

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

You must consider at the earliest stage possible whether you have an interest to declare in relation to any matter which is to be considered. You should consider whether reports for meetings raise any issue of declaration of interest. Your declaration of interest must be made under the standing item on the agenda, however if you do identify the need for a declaration of interest only when a particular matter is being discussed then you must declare the interest as soon as you realise it is necessary. The following wording may be helpful for you in making your declaration.

I declare an interest in item (x) for the following reasons

For example, I know the applicant / I am a member of the Board of X / I am employed by... and I will therefore withdraw from the meeting room during any discussion and voting on that item.

OR

I have considered whether I require to declare an interest in item (x) for the following reasons however, having applied the objective test, I consider that my interest is so remote / insignificant that it does not require me to remove myself from consideration of the item.

OR

I declare an interest in item (x) for the following reasons however I consider that a specific exclusion applies as my interest is as a member of xxxx, which is

- (a) a devolved public body as defined in Schedule 3 to the Act;
- (b) a public body established by enactment or in pursuance of statutory powers or by the authority of statute or a statutory scheme;
- (c) a body with whom there is in force an agreement which has been made in pursuance of Section 19 of the Enterprise and New Towns (Scotland) Act 1990 by Scottish Enterprise or Highlands and Islands Enterprise for the discharge by that body of any of the functions of Scottish Enterprise or, as the case may be, Highlands and Islands Enterprise; or
- (d) a body being a company:
 - i. established wholly or mainly for the purpose of providing services to the Councillor's local authority; and
 - ii. which has entered into a contractual arrangement with that local authority for the supply of goods and/or services to that local authority.

OR

I declare an interest in item (x) for the following reasons.....and although the body is covered by a specific exclusion, the matter before the Committee is one that is quasi-judicial / regulatory in nature where the body I am a member of:

- is applying for a licence, a consent or an approval
- is making an objection or representation
- has a material interest concerning a licence consent or approval
- is the subject of a statutory order of a regulatory nature made or proposed to be made by the local authority.... and I will therefore withdraw from the meeting room during any discussion and voting on that item.

PLANNING DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE



Pre-Determination Hearing

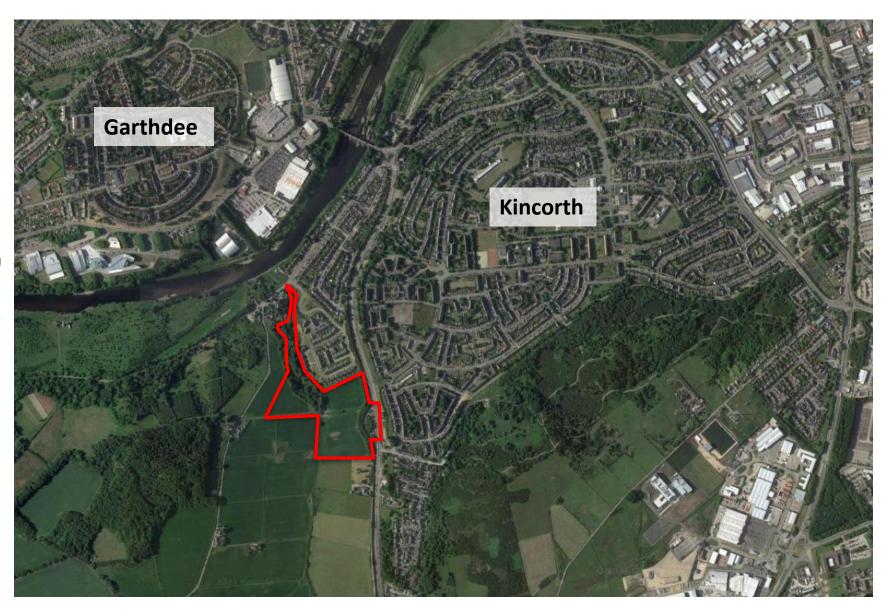
Residential development (133 units) with associated landscaping and parking and supporting ancillary infrastructure

Land to the South and South-West of Deeside Brae \genda Item (Leggart Brae)

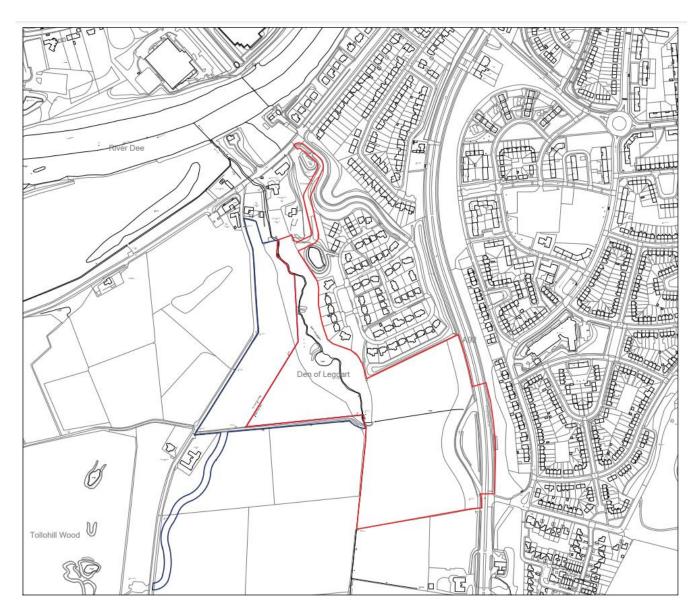
Detailed Planning Permission 201558/DPP

⊃age 6

Location – Wider Context



Location Plan



Existing Site Context



Existing Site Context

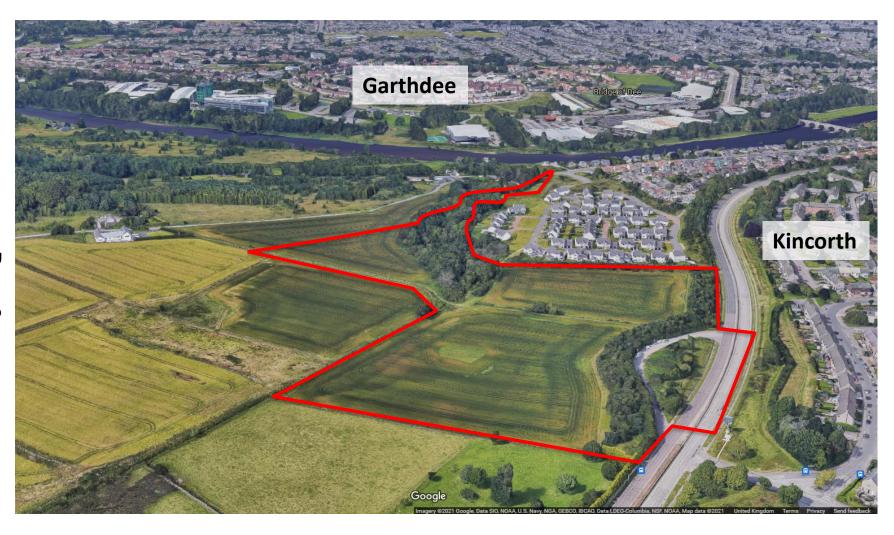




FIG 1 View of site from the exiting entrance .



FIG 2 Den of Leggart on the middle ground.



FIG 3 Existing woodland and hedging along A92 Road.



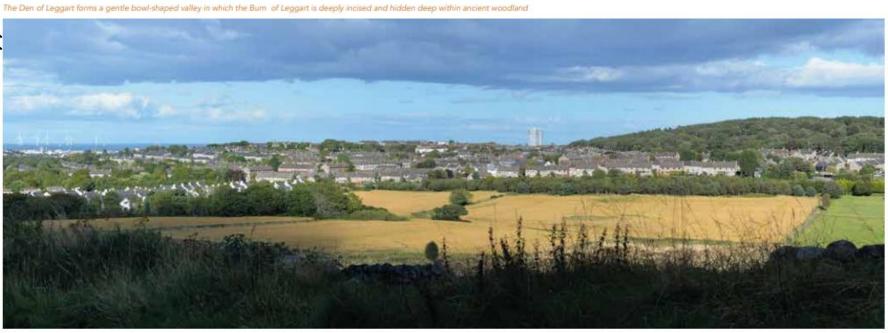


Site Photos

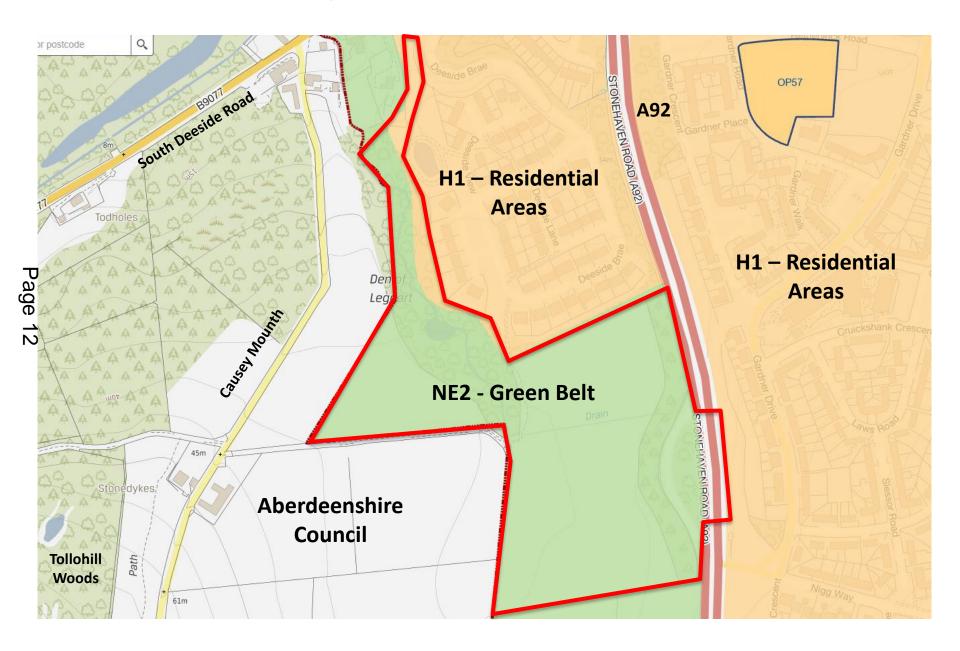




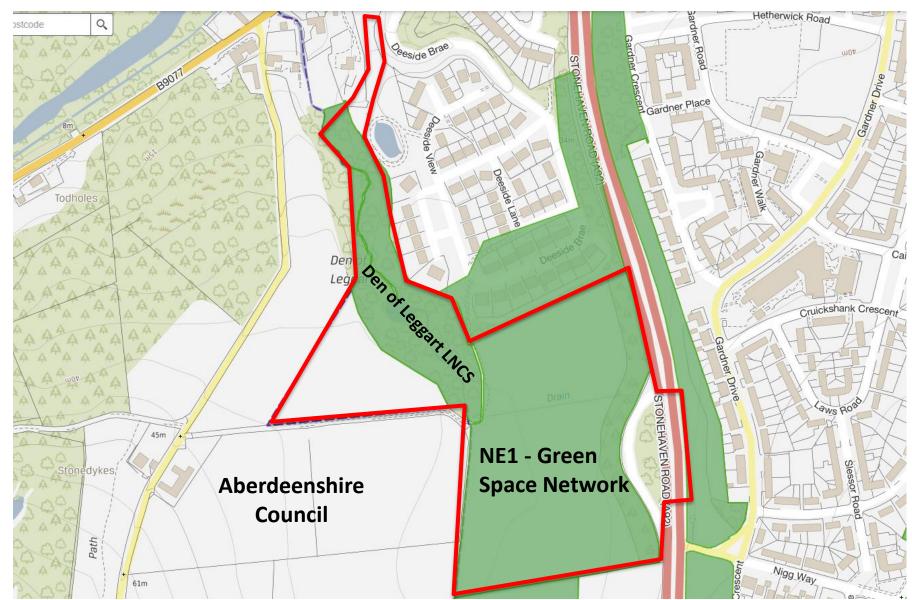
The Bridge of Dee carries the A92 across the river in to Aberdeen. The Den of Leggart forms the backdrop in this view.



ALDP 2017 Zoning

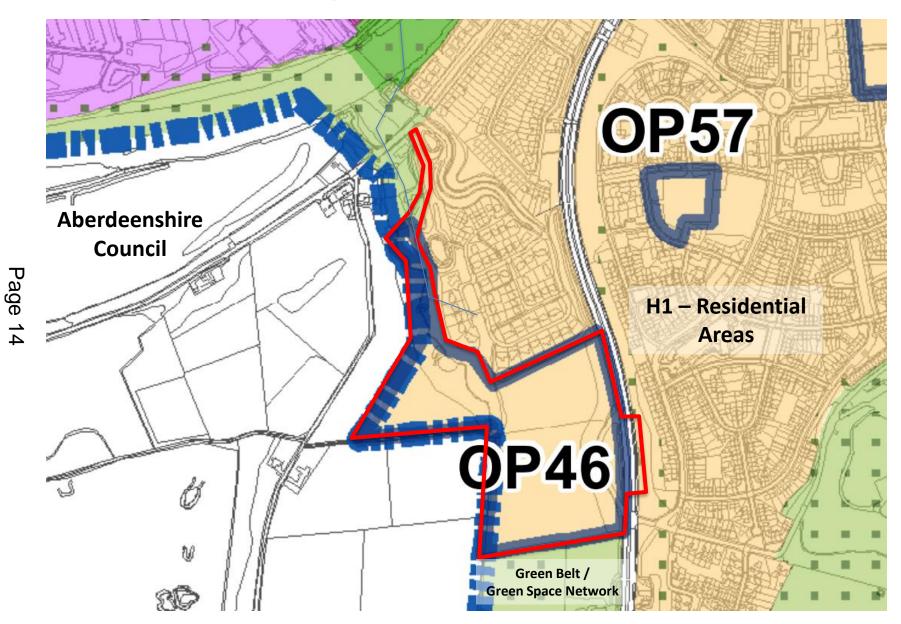


ALDP 2017 Zoning continued



Page 13

PALDP 2020 Zoning





- Site zoned within an 'NE2' Green Belt area in the ALDP
- Policy NE2 states presumption against development unless essential infrastructure or small-scale development (house extensions, replacement dwellings etc)
- NE2 makes no provision for new residential use
- Large portion of site is also zoned as Green Space Network (Policy NE1) and the Den
 of Leggart is a Local Nature Conservation Site (LNCS)
- NE1 states presumption against development that would erode or destroy the character and function of the Green Space Network
- Proposal represents a 'significant departure' from Development Plan
- Proposed ALDP is a material consideration in assessment. This reallocated the site for residential development of approx. 150 units.
- PALDP is yet to undergo examination and adoption.
- Significant departure necessitates a Pre-Determination Hearing



Proposed Site Plan

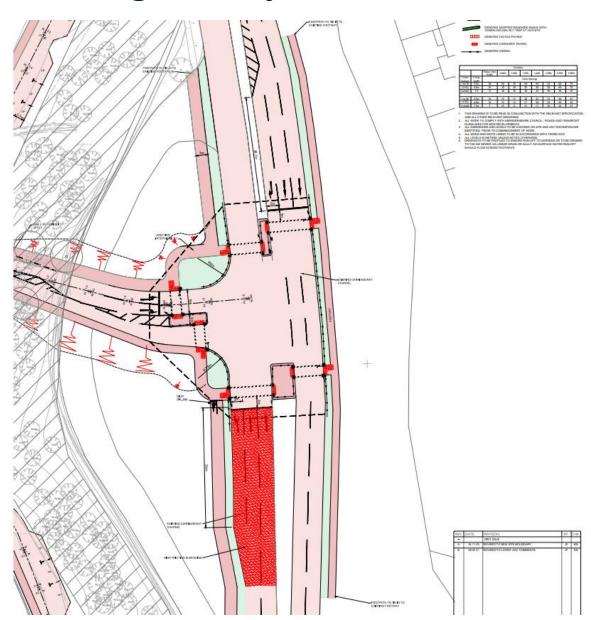


Proposed Site Plan – Housing Areas



Page 17

Proposed A92 signalised junction



House Types – Indicative images









Page 19

Page 20

Flats – Indicative images







Existing & Indicative Proposed views – Tollohill Woods



V12 Tollohill Wood 0.5km from the site. The proposed development is prominent .

Existing view



Long distance views – Craigievar Road



Long distance views – Montrose Drive



V4 Montrose Drive 0.5km from the site. The proposed development is visible and noticeable, as a small part of a much wider view.





Consultee responses

- Aberdeenshire Council object
- ACC Archaeology request two conditions
- ACC Developer Obligations request contributions toward:
 - Core Path Network
 - Healthcare Facilities
 - Community Facilities
- ACC Education Sufficient capacity in Abbotswell Primary and Lochside Academy
- ACC Environmental Health No objection Findings of Noise Impact Assessment and Air Quality Impact Assessment accepted.
- Housing Strategy Proposed Affordable Housing tenure (mid-market rent) is not acceptable.
 Requires to be amended
- ACC Roads Development Management object can't support a new junction to the A92 other than for strategic transport purposes.
- SEPA No objection
- NatureScot No objection. No adverse impact on the River Dee SAC





Representations

121 representations received, all objecting or raising concerns

Main matters raised:

- Contrary to SPP and the City & Shire Strategic Development Plan
- Contrary to Green Belt and Green Space Network policies in ALDP
- The application is premature in terms of the PALDP
- The site was noted as being 'undesirable' for housing in the Main Issues Report
- The site could be removed from the PALDP without resulting in a housing land supply deficit
- The development would have a significant detrimental impact on the landscape
- The development would be detrimental to road safety and would impact on traffic flows into and out of the city, exacerbating congestion in the Bridge of Dee area
- The development would pose an increased flood risk
- Impact on ecology and natural habitats
- Impact on amenity of neighbouring properties
- Impact on access and informal recreation





Next Steps

• Application to be reported to future PDMC with recommendation



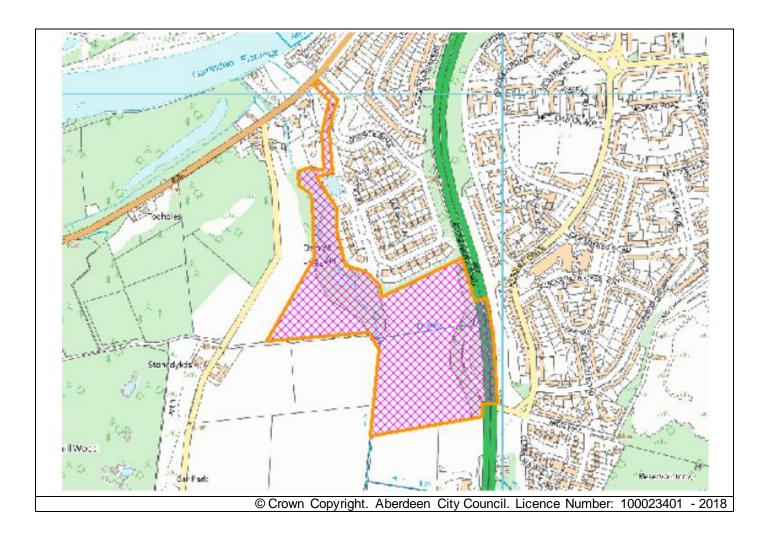


Pre-Determination Hearing (Planning Development Management Committee)

Report by Development Management Manager

Committee Date: 9th September 2021

Site Address:	Land To South and South-west of Deeside Brae, Aberdeen
Application Description:	Residential development (133 units) with associated landscaping and parking and supporting ancillary infrastructure
Application Ref:	201558/DPP
Application Type	Detailed Planning Permission
Application Date:	18 December 2020
Applicant:	Manfield Limited (A Comer Company)
Ward:	Kincorth/Nigg/Cove
Community Council:	Kincorth and Leggart
Case Officer:	Alex Ferguson



APPLICATION BACKGROUND

Purpose of Report

Under section 38A of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 ('the Act'), the opportunity to attend pre-determination hearings must be provided in respect of applications for major developments which are considered to be significantly contrary to the vision or wider spatial strategy of the 'development plan'. At the time of writing, the Development Plan comprises the Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2017 and the Aberdeen City and Shire Strategic Development Plan 2020.

This report provides information for the pre-determination hearing required in relation to this planning application for a major development (comprising a residential development of 133 units with associated landscaping, parking and supporting ancillary infrastructure) which is considered to be significantly contrary to the adopted local development plan (the 2017 Aberdeen Local Development Plan).

No assessment of the merits or failings of the proposal is made in this report.

Members will note that a previous report to the Planning Development Management Committee (PDMC) on 18th March 2021 recommended that the necessary Pre-Determination Hearing in this instance be undertaken by the PDMC, rather than being referred to Full Council. That recommendation was agreed by members at the PDMC.

Site Description

The application site predominantly comprises an area of greenfield land to the south and west of the Deeside Brae housing development and is locally known as Leggart Brae. The Den of Leggart runs on a north-south axis through the central and northern section of the site which also includes an existing layby immediately to the west of the A92 dual carriageway, as well as a section of the A92 itself. To the north of the Den of Leggart, the site incorporates a winding strip of land that incorporates an informal (grassed) pedestrian path between the Den and Leggart Terrace, running adjacent to the vehicular carriageway that forms the entrance to Deeside Brae.

The site is bound to the east by the A92 with Kincorth beyond, to the north by the Deeside Brae housing development and Leggart Terrace, to the west by the 'Causey Mounth' minor road and to the south by open, arable fields. The site straddles the Aberdeen City Council (ACC) administrative boundary with Aberdeenshire Council (AC), which follows the Leggart Burn until it enters the Den of Leggart. The boundary then extends c. 200m westward before returning to the Den and again following the route of the Leggart Burn until it enters the River Dee approximately 200m to the north. The River Dee, and its tributaries form a Special Area of Conservation (SAC).

The area of land within the ACC boundary is approximately 9.6 Hectares in size and aside from the Den of Leggart, it mostly comprises open, arable agricultural fields, with an established tree belt forming the eastern edge of the site with the A92. An access track runs along the boundary of the site from the Causey Mounth, over the Leggart Burn and connects up into the Deeside Brae development to the north. In general, the site slopes upwards to the south, whilst the eastern section falls to the west from the A92.

The entirety of the site is zoned in the adopted Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2017 (ALDP) as Green Belt land, with the exception of the informal winding path adjacent to Deeside Brae in the northern part of the site, which lies within Residential Land. The eastern portion of the site and the Den of Leggart are also zoned as Green Space Network. The Den of Leggart is designated as a Local Nature Conservation Site (LNCS).

The southern and western parts of the site have been zoned as Residential land and allocated as an Opportunity Site (OP46) for 150 homes in the Proposed Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2020 (PALDP). The PALDP content was agreed by Full Council on 2 March 2020. A period of representation in public was undertaken from May to August 2020 and the Proposed ALDP has since been submitted to the Scottish Government Planning and Environmental Appeals Division for Examination in Public.

The proposed development site extends beyond the Aberdeen City Council boundary and into Aberdeenshire to the west.

Relevant Planning History

The majority of the site that lies within the Aberdeen City Council administrative boundary is allocated as an opportunity site (OP46) for 150 houses in the Proposed Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2020 (PALDP).

A Proposal of Application Notice (PoAN), reference 200638/PAN, was submitted for this development proposal on 8th June 2020, with an online public consultation event by the applicants taking place on 8 August 2020.

An Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Screening Opinion request 200682/ESC for the proposed development was submitted to the Council on 19th June 2020. The Planning Service considered that EIA is not required but requested that various supporting information documents and surveys will be required to support a formal planning application.

The applicants presented their pre-application proposals for the site to the ACC Planning Development Management Committee (PDMC) Pre-Application Forum on 20th August 2020.

At the March 2021 PDMC resolved that the required Pre-Determination Hearing for the application, and ultimate determination of the application shall be undertaken by PDMC, rather than being referred to Full Council.

At the time of writing, a concurrent planning application (APP/2020/2492) for works to the west of the application site is pending determination by Aberdeenshire Council. The application seeks detailed planning permission for upgrades to (widening of) the Causey Mounth road, the formation of a new access road, cycle & footpaths and associated landscaping. All the works are proposed in conjunction with the current application to Aberdeen City Council.

APPLICATION DESCRIPTION

Description of Proposal

This application seeks Detailed Planning Permission (DPP) for the development of 133 homes (86 dwellings and 47 flats), the formation of a new signalised junction on the A92, formation of foot & cycle paths and associated infrastructure and landscaping.

The housing development would be split into two distinct parts:

East of the Leggart Burn

100 homes are proposed to be built in the c. 4 Ha field that lies to the east of the Leggart Burn, comprising 78 dwellings and 22 flats. The eastern part of the site would see four residential streets set to the north and south of a main access road, also lined with some dwellings, that would provide access to the site via a new signalised junction on the A92 to the east. This part of the site would

contain a mix of house types and sizes, including large detached dwellings, semi-detached dwellings and terraced flats. A Sustainable Drainage System (SUDS) basin would be sited adjacent to the Den of Leggart in the north-western corner, adjacent to an access path linking into Deeside Brae to the north.

West of the Leggart Burn

The remaining 33 units would be sited on the land to the west of the Leggart Burn and the Den of Leggart, comprising 9 detached dwellings and 24 flats within the Aberdeen City Council area. The 24 flats would be spread between two 3-storey blocks adjacent to the western edge of the Den of Leggart, forming the western edge of the development. The western and eastern parts of the site would be separated by the Den of Leggart and connected only by a non-motorised pedestrian and cycle path crossing. The western part of the development is proposed to be accessed by vehicles from the Causey Mounth to the west within Aberdeenshire, the upgrades and access road for which are subject of the separate application to Aberdeenshire Council. A further SUDS basin would be sited immediately to the north of the two blocks of flats.

The dwellings would all be $2/2\frac{1}{2}$ storeys in height with a mix of designs and sizes (detached, semi-detached and terraced). The prevailing architectural style would be contemporary, taking design cues from local precedents. A total of 33 affordable units are proposed across the site.

Aside from a buffer strip adjacent to the Leggart Burn in the eastern portion of the site, all open space would be sited outwith the application site, in a strip of land within Aberdeenshire that runs from the Den of Leggart in the north to the Tollohill Woods car park in the south.

There would be a pedestrian footpath link connecting into the Deeside Brae development to the north from the eastern portion of the site as well as further pedestrian and cycle connections to the A92, to the east, and to the Causey Mounth to the west (subject to the separate application to Aberdeenshire Council).

Infrastructure

A signalised road junction is proposed to be formed onto the A92 at the eastern edge of the site. This would serve the eastern development as described above. A separate access from the Causey Mounth road in Aberdeenshire is proposed to serve the western development as described above.

Amendments made since initial submission

- Initially it was proposed to incorporate a remote pedestrian & cycle path through the northern edge of the Den of Leggart (via a bridge), which would have connected in to Leggart Terrace to the north. This aspect has subsequently been omitted from the proposals.
- A further pedestrian footpath that was proposed to run around the northern and eastern edges of the easternmost block of flats has also been omitted from the proposals.
- The floor plan drawings have been updated to incorporate the provision of electric vehicle charging points.
- Minor amendments have been made to the internal road layouts, to address points made by the Roads Development Management Team.
- Updated tree survey documents have been submitted which demonstrate a greater loss of trees at the eastern entrance to the site than previously proposed but consider the trees to be of poor quality and note the intention to incorporate high-quality compensatory replanting in the development.

Supporting Documents

All drawings and supporting documents listed below can be viewed on the Council's website at:

https://publicaccess.aberdeencity.gov.uk/online-applications/applicationDetails.do?activeTab=documents&keyVal=QL4ENUBZMYE00

- Pre-Application Consultation (PAC) Report
- Planning Statement
- Design & Access Statement
- Transport Assessment
- Noise Impact Assessment
- Air Quality Impact Assessment
- Flood Risk Assessment
- Drainage Impact Assessment
- Tree Survey and Arboricultural Impact Assessment
- Road Safety Report
- Landscape and Visual Appraisal
- Design Access Audit Report
- Cycle Audit Report
- Convenience Retail Needs Analysis
- Accommodation Schedule
- Affordable Housing appendix
- Ecological Impact Assessment
- Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Desk Study Assessment
- Landscape and Biodiversity Management Plan

Reason for Referral to Committee

The application has been referred to the Planning Development Management Committee (PDMC) because, at the 18th March meeting of the PDMC, members determined that the requirement for a Pre-Determination Hearing in respect of this application could be fulfilled through referral back to this Committee, rather than being considered by members at a Full Council meeting.

Requirement for a Pre-Determination Hearing

The proposed development is classed a 'major development' in terms of The Town and Country Planning (Hierarchy of Development) (Scotland) Regulations 2009. The proposal is considered to be a Significant Departure from the Development Plan by virtue of it being a major residential development located on a site zoned as Green Belt, where Policy NE2 of the Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2017 (ALDP) applies. A large part of the site is also zoned as Green Space Network, thus Policy NE1 of the ALDP is also applicable.

Policy NE2 does not allow for residential development (other than house extensions and one-forone replacement dwellings), therefore the proposal for a major residential development of 133 homes is significantly contrary to Policy NE2. The proposed development may also erode the character and function of an area of Green Space Network, contrary to Policy NE1, thus the proposals represent a significant departure from the adopted Development Plan.

Under Regulation 27 of The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (Scotland) Regulations 2013 there is a requirement to hold a Pre-Determination Hearing before such applications may be determined.

A previous requirement for such applications to be determined by Full Council has been removed by the recently revised legislation under the Planning (Scotland) Act 2019, and in March 2020 the Council delegated authority for these statutory hearings and determinations to PDMC as part of the Scheme of Governance review.

The purpose of such hearings is to afford both the applicant and those who have made written representation on the proposed development the opportunity to present their views directly to the Members of the Council, prior to the determination of the application.

Pre-Application Consultation

This application is accompanied by a Pre-Application Consultation Report, as required for all planning applications for major developments.

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic restrictions in place at the time, it was not possible for the applicants to undertake an in-person public consultation event. As such, the applicants held a statutory pre-application consultation event online (at www.leggartbrae.com), on 6th August 2020, between 4pm and 8pm. Advertisements were placed in the Press & Journal and the Evening Express on 30th July, giving advance notice of the consultation event. Notices were also sent to the local Ward Councillors (including to those in neighbouring wards in both the City and Shire), to the local MSP and MP's. Copies were also sent to the local and neighbouring Community Councils. Notices advertising the event were also sent to 1356 local properties in the area surrounding the application site.

A selection of indicative site layouts and other information including a list of Frequently Asked Questions were presented on the dedicated pre-application website in advance of the online consultation event. The online consultation event then included a 'live-chat' function, during which members of the project team were available to answer questions. Online questionnaire forms were also made available for completion by website visitors. A total of 314 people visited the website between the 30th of July and the 28th of August, with approximately 80 people visiting the website on the 6th of August when the live event was held. In total 13 questionnaire/feedback forms were returned and 7 'live-chat' conversations were held during the live event. The responses are summarised in the PAC report, along with the applicants' commentary on whether/how the proposal has taken them into account.

On 20th August 2020, the applicants gave a presentation to the Council's Pre-Application Forum. The main themes raised related to:

- Whether the affordable housing would be provided on-site or via a financial contribution;
- Ensuring the design of any on-site affordable housing is tenure-blind;
- Provision of Fibre-to-the-Premises (FTTP) broadband;
- The site is at risk of flooding on SEPA flood maps;
- What impact the development would have on school capacity;
- Whether there has been any consideration for providing a local retail use within the development;
- Proximity, access and impact on local healthcare facilities;
- Proximity to leisure facilities;
- Whether the development could provide, or contribute toward, a new pedestrian link across the River Dee; and
- Whether the properties would be freehold or leasehold.

CONSULTATIONS

Aberdeenshire Council – Object for the following reasons:

- The site was identified in Aberdeen City Council's Main Issues Report 2019 (MIR) as being "undesirable", in response to a development bid for 235 homes (ref: B13/08 – Royal Devenick Park);
- Bid 13/08/OP46 is part of a larger development proposal in Aberdeenshire, identified in Aberdeenshire's MIR as bid sites KN069-072, Banchory-Devenick for up to 1310 homes, commercial and employment land, and a primary school. These bids, KN069 to KN072, were also not identified as preferred sites due to issues relating to landscape setting, loss of green belt, impact on natural heritage, distance from facilities, and accessibility and infrastructure concerns. These issues were also identified in the City's MIR for site B13/08 (OP46).
- Development of the application site will result in the unnecessary loss of green belt land and could have long-term negative implications on the green belt:
- The application site is not well related to any settlement and is in essence a standalone site
 which shoehorns into one of the last remaining landscape buffers at the edge of Aberdeen
 City and Aberdeenshire. The development of the site would result in suburbanisation in a
 highly sensitive and visible landscape.
- The site is in an environmentally sensitive area, which provides important habitat and green corridor between River Dee and Tollo Hill. It is also located within the Green Space Network, includes the Den of Leggart Local Nature Conservation Site, and the proposal could result in the loss of trees, including ancient woodland.
- The proposed development could also have a cumulative negative impact on the River Dee, a Special Area of Conservation, from surface water runoff.
- ACC's Main Issues Report stated that the site is "not well-related to any settlement; it is poorly
 located to public transport and community facilities, and therefore would be car dependent."
 As such, the site is contrary to the Strategic Development Plan which seeks to reduce travel
 distances and make walking, cycling and public transport more attractive to people.
- There are concerns in respect of infrastructure, road network capacity and deliverability. Aberdeenshire Council's Transportation Service has advised that works, including the widening of the Causey Mounth would be necessary, junction visibility improvements, two points of road access would be required to accord with Aberdeenshire Council's standards for access, and there are pinch points to the north of the Causey Mounth with Leggart Terrace (the B9077), which would appear to be outwith the site proposer's control.
- Aberdeenshire Council believe that the site can be removed from the ACC Proposed Aberdeen Local Development Plan (PALDP) without creating a deficit in the housing allowance. Thus there is no strategic need or requirement to release the site for housing and its development would be premature at this time.
- Due to the foregoing concerns the proposal would not constitute the right development in the right place and the application is therefore contrary to Scottish Planning Policy (SPP).

Archaeology Service – No objection. There are references within records to the presence of historic Aberdeen City boundary stones within the site that require to be identified and retained in their existing location. Conditions are required in respect of providing protective fencing around the stones during construction works and for the implementation of a programme of archaeological

works prior to the commencement of development.

ACC - City Growth - No response.

ACC - Contaminated Land Team – No objection and no comments.

Dee District Salmon Fishery Board – No response.

Aberdeen International Airport – No objection. The proposed development would not conflict with aerodrome safeguarding criteria. Request that the applicant is made aware of the requirement to comply with the British Standard Code of Practice for the safe use of cranes.

ACC - Developer Obligations – The following developer obligations are required, to be secured via legal agreement:

- Core Path Network £45,905
- Healthcare Facilities £71,202
- Community Facilities £225,637

The Core Path contribution is required toward the delivery of Aspirational Core Path 9 and/or the enhancement of Core Path 79.

The Healthcare contribution is required towards the internal reconfiguration of the Cove and Kincorth Medical Practice, or other such healthcare facilities serving the development.

The Community Facilities contribution would go towards the creation of additional capacity at the Kincorth Community Centre.

No Open Space contribution is sought as the open space requirements for the development would be met on-site (outwith the application site, on land subject to a separate application to Aberdeenshire Council).

ACC - Education - No objection. The site is zoned to Abbotswell Primary School and Lochside Academy. Latest forecasts indicate there is sufficient capacity at both schools to accommodate the number of pupils expected to be generated by this development.

ACC - Environmental Health - No objection. The findings of the applicant's Air Quality Impact Assessment are accepted, including the conclusion that mitigation measures in relation to road traffic emissions are not necessary. Require the mitigation measures set out in the AQIA to be implemented, including the submission of a detailed Dust Management Plan to ensure adequate construction-phase dust control measures (this can be conditioned).

The findings of the applicant's Noise Impact Assessment (NIA) are accepted, subject to the implementation of the recommended mitigation measures which include: The installation of an acoustic barrier adjacent to the A92, the provision of specified glazing with acoustic properties throughout the development and the provision of acoustic trickle vents in certain properties.

Environmental Health also recommend an advisory note in respect of construction hours, in order to protect the amenity of neighbouring residential properties.

ACC - Structures, Flooding and Coastal Engineering – Recommend that the existing drainage ditch in the eastern portion of the site be retained and appropriately diverted and that a cut-off drain be installed to the east of the site. Also request the submission of an updated Drainage Impact

Assessment to incorporate additional calculations for greenfield run-off rates.

ACC - Housing Strategy – The applicant's proposed affordable housing tenure (mid-market rent) is not acceptable to the Council as it does not meet the city's housing need and demand. The affordable housing provision should be reviewed, with the Council's preference being for social rented accommodation. The developer should enter into early discussions with a Registered Social Landlord (RSL) regarding the purchase of the affordable homes. The mix of affordable units also requires to be reviewed as there is very little requirement for 2-bed flats in the city. Furthermore, a minimum of 15% of all new affordable housing is required to be fully wheelchair accessible.

ACC - Estates Team - The land comprising the layby to the west of the A92 appears to be in Council ownership. This requires to be confirmed by the Council's Legal Team however and if the land is indeed owned by ACC then the applicant shall require to enter into separate discussions with the Council, as Corporate Landlord, regarding the possible acquisition of the land required. No roads infrastructure shall take place on the land in question until such time as appropriate paperwork is in place.

Police Scotland - No objection.

ACC - Roads Development Management Team (RDM) – Object to the application on the basis that the new signalised junction onto the A92 would have a detrimental impact on traffic flows into and out of the city on a major arterial route. Any new junction on the A92 should have a strategic link carrying a significant amount of traffic and it is not acceptable to reduce the capacity of a strategic road to serve a relatively small number of houses.

RDM also have concerns that the junction would result in the loss of an existing layby which is well-used by HGV drivers as a stopping place on entry to the city, and that the development could preclude the potential future delivery of a new link road connecting the A92 with South Deeside Road – one of several options that have been highlighted as a possible solution to deal with traffic congestion issues in the Bridge of Dee area in a Bridge of Dee Scottish Transport Appraisal Guidance (STAG) study.

RDM have reviewed the Drainage Impact Assessment and consider it to be acceptable with regard to SUDS provision.

RDM have also requested amendments and the submission of additional information before finalising their comments, including the following:

- A Residential Travel Pack (including details of Safe Routes to School)
- Details of compliance with emergency vehicle access (for developments of more than 50 units, two accesses are required)
- Details of surfacing for all footpaths;
- Updated Swept Path Analysis drawings to demonstrate that refuse vehicles would be capable
 of safely entering and existing the site from the A92; and
- Additional detailed comments have been on the internal roads layout in respect of parking, junctions, road safety and refuse vehicle access.

RDM also note that the following upgrades to localised infrastructure would be required:

 Upgrade of the existing footway on the western side of the A92, providing pedestrian and cycle access to the Bridge of Dee roundabout to the north and towards a new bus stop to the south; • The upgrade and relocation of existing bus stops on the A92 to encourage the use of public transport and to minimise the risk to road safety (one bus stop would be too close to the new junction)

Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA) – No objection. The site levels drawings (14722-550 & 14722-551 Revision A) show that the finished floor levels of the dwellings would have in excess of 0.6m freeboard above the design flood levels.

The applicant's Flood Risk Assessment notes that site investigations reveal there is no inflow to the field drain running across the site from land to the east of the A92, or from the A92 itself and, as such, conclude the drain is limited to drainage of the site itself. As site drainage will be provided for the site it is proposed to remove this feature. Surface water management is a matter under the remit of the local Flood Risk Management Authority at Aberdeen City Council and they should satisfy themselves with the proposals for surface water management for the site.

The proposals are to upgrade the existing culvert carrying the field track crossing over the Burn of Leggart with the site as this is posing a restriction to flow with surcharging at the design flood events. Storage upstream of this is limited and the upgrade is shown not to have any associated increase in flood risk downstream.

Scottish Water – No objection. There is sufficient capacity in the Nigg PFI Waste Water Treatment works to accommodate the proposed development. Scottish Water are unable to confirm capacity in the Invercannie Water Treatment works at this time however and request that the applicant engages with Scottish Water to allow a full appraisal of the proposals with regard to water capacity.

NatureScot – No objection. Agree with the findings of the Council's Habitat Regulations Appraisal (HRA), which considers that the development would not have an significant effects on the qualifying features of the River Dee Special Area of Conservation (SAC), subject to the implementation of appropriate mitigation measures.

ACC - Waste and Recycling - No objection.

Aberdeen City & Shire Strategic Development Planning Authority – No response.

Kincorth and Leggart Community Council – No response.

REPRESENTATIONS

One hundred and twenty-one (121) representations have been received in relation to this application, including from the Cults, Bieldside and Milltimber Community Council, the North Kincardine Rural Community Council (in Aberdeenshire) and The Woodland Trust. The representations all state objection or raise concern in relation to the proposed development. The issues raised in the representations can be summarised as follows:

National Planning Policy

The development is contrary to Scottish Planning Policy

Aberdeen City and Shire Strategic Development Plan

- The development is inconsistent with the Aberdeen City & Shire Strategic Development Plan
 specifically the following policies:
 - Shaping Development in the Countryside (Chapter 5)
 - Natural Heritage and Landscape (Chapter 8, Policies E1 and E2)
 - o The Historic Environment (Chapter 9, Policies HE1 and HE2); and

o Protecting Resources (Chapter 10)

Principle

- The site is zoned as Green Belt in the adopted Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2017 (ALDP) and the proposal is contrary to Policy NE2 (Green Belt) of the ALDP;
- The site is not allocated for housing in the ALDP;
- The site is zoned as Green Space Network and the development would be contrary to Policy NE1 (Green Space Network) of the ALDP.

Allocation in the Proposed Aberdeen Local Development Plan (PALDP)

- The site was noted as being 'undesirable' in the 2019 Main Issues Report;
- The site was allocated as an Opportunity Site (OP46) for 150 homes by Members as a late addition, contrary to the recommendation of the ACC Planning Service;
- There were numerous objections to the allocation of the site in the PALDP submitted in the public consultation period, which are yet to be addressed;
- The application is premature and undemocratic as the PALDP is not adopted and has not yet undergone Examination;
- The site was allocated by Councillors without any rationale and at a stage of the PALDP which avoided full scope for public feedback;
- The applicants are presuming that there are no representations to the PALDP that oppose the allocation of the site for housing;
- Aberdeen City Council have chosen to ignore their own policies on Green Belt, Natural Heritage and Landscape in allocating the site in the PALDP.

Housing Supply & Demand

- The site could be removed from the PALDP without resulting in a deficit in housing land supply;
- The development of the greenfield site is unnecessary. Greenfield sites should be protected unless absolutely necessary, with ample brownfield sites in the city that should be developed first.
- A nearby site at Loirston has already been identified for a new community. It should be built out before allocating land west of the A92;
- The city's housing market is saturated and no further housing is required.

Cumulative Impacts

- The development would contribute toward the cumulative, incremental erosion of the green belt;
- The recent expansion of Portlethen to the west of the A92 and of Badentoy Industrial Park means there is no scope for the southern extension of the green belt outwards to compensate for the loss of green belt within the city.

Transport & Accessibility

- The development of the site for housing would be unsustainable as it would be almost entirely accessed by car, contrary to the Council's 'Green' policies;
- The site is poorly served by public transport;
- The proposed walking and cycling provision would be used for recreation but would not be suitable for practical daily use, particularly by users with mobility issues, due to the steep gradients involved;
- The pedestrian and cycle access would be inadequate until such time as the Bridge of Dee and associated roundabouts have been upgraded as they are currently cycle and pedestrian unfriendly;
- Developer contributions should be required in order to enable upgrades to local infrastructure is active travel is to be promoted;

- The existing path from Deeside Brae to Tollohill Woods is well-used by the public and access to it should be maintained during construction works;
- The development would be spilt into two parts, with no vehicular access between the two;
- The new signalised junction onto the A92 would have a detrimental impact on traffic flows on a key arterial route into and out of the city, exacerbating existing congestion issues in the Bridge of Dee area;
- Although mitigation measures at the Bridge of Dee roundabout are recommended in the Transport Assessment, they are not noted in the applicant's plans;
- The suggested mitigation measure of widening the road widths at the Bridge of Dee roundabout would impact detrimentally on pavement widths in the area;
- The width of Leggart Terrace was reduced on entry to the Bridge of Dee roundabout a few years ago yet the applicant's Transport Assessment does not include this change in its simulations:
- The amount of additional traffic generated by the development would be significant;
- Access should only be taken from the A92, with no access from the Causey Mounth;
- There would be insufficient parking within the site, which would lead to overspill parking on the access road and verges;
- Each property should have access to cycle storage or a garage;

Road Safety

- The proposals would lead to increased usage of the Causey Mounth road (in both north and south directions), to the detriment of road safety (including cyclists);
- The applicant's Transport Assessment quotes crashmap.co.uk as a source of registered road accidents in the area, but that website only includes accidents reported to the police and not more minor accidents.

Access to facilities and amenities

• The site has no nearby facilities and/or amenities such as schools, retail, health, hospitality and leisure.

Landscape

- The development (and the two blocks of flats in the western portion in particular) would eradicate the classic view of Aberdeen from the Causey Mounth/Tollohill Woods, with the Bridge of Dee and the application site in the foreground;
- The site forms an important landscaped edge to the city at present;
- The City Council previously took a decision not to extend the Deeside Brae development further south, in order to avoid it being visible from Tollohill Woods. Wy is this now deemed desirable?:
- The development would have a significant detrimental impact on the landscape character of the area and on key views;
- No visualisations have been provided from receptors in the Pitfodels and East Cults areas, despite lying in the Zone of Theoretical Visibility as outlined in the applicant's Landscape and Visual Appraisal.

Procedural Matters

- The planning application was lodged in late December 2020 during the coronavirus lockdown and the festive period, at a time when the Council Planning department is closed for nearly 2 weeks. The timing of the application appears to be an attempt to avoid proper consultation with the public;
- As all residents in the Deeside Brae development would be affected by the proposals, all properties in Deeside Brae should have been notified on the application;

- Why was the application due to be considered at the Planning Committee in January / February 2021, prior to the Full Council meeting in March to discuss public consultation responses to the PALDP?:
- There was no pre-application consultation except for an insufficient online consultation held in August 2020 which lacked sufficient detail of the proposal;
- There are possible irregularities in the planning system which need to be scrutinised.

Aberdeenshire Council

- Aberdeenshire Council have formally objected to the allocation of the site in the PALDP;
- The proposal is contrary to the Aberdeenshire Local Development Plan;
- Aberdeenshire Council adhered to their Planning Officers' recommendation that the developer bid by the applicant for housing in the Shire was undesirable;
- The development would create a precedent for further housing development in the Shire;
- As Aberdeenshire Council object to the proposals and consider that an access to the site from the Causey Mounth would be inappropriate due to road safety concerns, the provision of the access is not guaranteed;
- The widening of the Causey Mounth is not desirable, nor feasible due to the narrow nature of the junction with South Deeside Road.

Environment / Natural Heritage

- The site hosts wildlife and natural habitats. The development would have a significant detrimental impact on the habitats of numerous species of animal that use the site at present;
- The development would eradicate a significant portion of Green Space Network area no. 73;
- The Den of Leggart LNCS would be compromised by the development, including from a resultant increase in human recreational activity;
- No amount of mitigation could resolve the impact the development would have no habitat connectivity;
- The development could have an adverse impact on the qualifying features of the River Dee Special Area of Conservation;
- Construction phase works could harm the Den of Leggart.

Trees

- The Den of Leggart is designated as ancient woodland and the development would cause damage to, and the deterioration of, the woodland;
- There should be a 30m buffer zone between existing trees in the Den and any new development, in order to avoid root damage and to minimise the risk of pollution to the tree roots:
- The non-motorised path across the Den would result in the loss of trees.

Design / Layout

- The development layout is not optimised and is an artefact of the irregular City/Shire boundary;
- Three storey housing would be totally out of character within the context of the surrounding area:
- The two blocks of 12m high flats, clad in white brick and zinc, would be incongruous and sited in the most prominent location within the site;
- Little attention has been paid to using suitable building materials for the new buildings, with yellow/brown buff brick not appropriate for the context of the surrounding area which generally sees mostly granite or white rendered buildings.

Air Quality

• The resultant impact on traffic flows from the new junction on the A92 would lead to an increase in localised air pollution;

• Increased air pollution could adversely affect localised edible flora.

Amenity

- The pedestrian/cycle bridge through the Den of Leggart would allow for residential properties to the north to be overlooked, to the detriment of their privacy;
- Noise emissions from increased vehicular traffic as a result of the development would have a
 detrimental impact on neighbouring residential properties;
- The proposal would result in the loss of the existing earth bund that lines the southern edge of the Deeside Brae development and gives protection to residents from noise from the A92;
- A row of three-storey houses adjacent to Deeside Brae would overlook existing properties and result in a reduction of natural daylight receipt;
- The increased usage of the path link into Deeside Brae would harm amenity;

Flooding and Drainage

- The large SUDS basin next to Deeside Brae would increase the risk of flooding to Deeside Brae and the Den of Leggart;
- ACC Officers flagged the Leggart Burn as being prone to a high risk of flooding in their Development Options Assessment of the development bid for the site;
- There are existing flooding issues that have affected Mill Cottage and there is concern that the development would exacerbate those existing issues.

Developer Obligations

• The developer has made no contribution toward the construction of a separate pedestrian crossing over the River Dee.

Affordable Housing

 The proposals for affordable housing would not create a sustainable integrated community, nor meet residents' current and changing needs.

Safe Routes to School

• The nearest schools are situated on the opposite side of the A92 and access for schoolchildren would be unsuitable.

Informal recreation & Health and Wellbeing

- The development would result in the loss of green space that is well-used by members of the public for informal recreation and contributes toward mental health and wellbeing;
- The development could harm the existing edible vegetation (brambles and elderflower) within / adjacent to the site.

Economic Benefit

• The development would be of no economic benefit to the city.

Wider Development

 The developer has the ambition to build a much larger housing development in the Banchory Devenick area, mostly within Aberdeenshire. The developer is intending on using Aberdeen City Council to secure the first phase of development, that would then set a precedent for further development in the area.

Low & Zero Carbon Technology

• The proposals do not include any environmental provisions such as solar panels, EV charge points, heat pumps etc.

Climate Change

- The proposals do not adequately address elements of the Council's Local Outcome Improvement Plan (LOIP) – principally the aim to reduce carbon emissions due to the climate change emergency;
- Any decision on the application should be delayed until after the Scottish Climate Change Assembly's recommendations with respect to fair and effective changes to Homes and Communities have been made to the Scottish Government.

Non-material considerations

- The development would have a negative impact on existing house prices;
- The proposed path between the Den of Leggart and Leggart Terrace runs over land not owned/controlled by the applicant, with no attempts having been made to gain rights over the land;
- The developer proposes to remove an existing earth bund which is not in their ownership;
- The money spent on the development would be better spent on building a better bridge over the River Dee;
- The timing of the application and the willingness of the developer to play Aberdeen City Council
 off against Aberdeenshire Council suggests an unethical developer who is only interested in
 profit with no responsibility for the greater good of the city.

Positive aspects

In addition to the above concerns and issues raised, one respondent did note that the intention to provide a dedicated pedestrian and cycle link between Tollohill Woods and Leggart Terrace is laudable.

MATERIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Legislative Requirements

Sections 25 and 37(2) of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 require that where, in making any determination under the planning acts, regard is to be had to the provisions of the Development Plan and that determination shall be made in accordance with the plan, so far as material to the application unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

National Planning Policy and Guidance

- National Planning Framework 3 (NPF3) 2014
- Scottish Planning Policy (SPP) 2020
- Creating Places (architecture and place policy statement)
- Designing Streets (2010)

Aberdeen City and Shire Strategic Development Plan 2020 (SDP)

- The purpose of the SDP is to set a spatial strategy for the future development of the Aberdeen City and Shire. The general objectives of the plan are promoting sustainable economic growth, the need to use resources more efficiently whilst protecting our assets and taking on the urgent challenges of climate change. To achieve those objectives, the SDP aims to:
- make sure the area has enough homes and job opportunities to support the level of services and facilities needed to maintain and improve quality of life;
- protect and, where appropriate, enhance our valued assets and resources, including biodiversity, the historic and natural environment and our cultural heritage;

- help create and support sustainable mixed communities, and the provision of associated infrastructure, which will meet the highest standards of placemaking, urban and rural design, and cater for the needs of the whole population;
- encourage opportunities for greater digital connectivity across the City Region; and,
- make the most efficient use of the transport network, reducing the need for people to travel and making sure that walking, cycling and public transport are available and attractive choices.

Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2017 (ALDP)

- B4: Aberdeen Airport
- CI1: Digital Infrastructure
- D1: Quality Placemaking by Design
- D2: Landscape
- D4: Historic Environment
- H3: Density
- H4: Housing Mix
- H5: Affordable Housing
- I1: Infrastructure Delivery & Planning Obligations
- NE1: Green Space Network
- NE2: Green Belt
- NE3: Urban Green Space
- NE4: Open Space Provision in New Development
- NE5: Trees and Woodland
- NE6: Flooding, Drainage & Water Quality
- NE8: Natural Heritage
- NE9: Access and Informal Recreation
- R2: Degraded & Contaminated Land
- R6: Waste Management Requirements for New Development
- R7: Low & Zero Carbon Build & Water Efficiency
- T2: Managing the Transport Impact of Development
- T3: Sustainable and Active Travel
- T4: Air Quality
- T5: Noise

Supplementary Guidance and Technical Advice Notes

- Aberdeen Masterplanning Process TAN
- Affordable Housing
- Air Quality
- Flooding, Drainage and Water Quality
- Green Space Network and Open Space
- Landscape
- Materials TAN
- Natural Heritage
- Noise
- Planning Obligations
- Resources for New Development
- Transport and Accessibility

Trees and Woodlands

Proposed Aberdeen Local Development Plan (PALDP)

The Proposed Aberdeen Local Development Plan (PALDP) was approved at the Council meeting of 2 March 2020. A period of representation in public was undertaken from May to August 2020 and the Proposed ALDP has since been submitted to the Scottish Government Planning and Environmental Appeals Division for Examination in Public. The PALDP constitutes the Council's settled view as to what the final content of the next adopted ALDP should be and is now a material consideration in the determination of planning applications. The Aberdeen Local Development Plan 2017 will continue to be the primary document against which applications are considered. The exact weight to be given to matters contained in the PALDP (including individual policies) in relation to specific applications will depend on whether —

- such matters have or have not received representations as a result of the period of representations in public for the PALDP;
- the level of representations received in relation to relevant components of the PALDP and their relevance of these matters to the application under consideration.

The foregoing can only be assessed on a case-by-case basis.

The area of the site on which housing is proposed to be built is zoned as 'residential' in the PALDP. In the PALDP the site is also allocated as Opportunity Site (OP46), described as follows:

'Housing opportunity for 150 houses. Flood Risk Assessment required. A Habitats Regulations Appraisal is required to accompany development proposals in order to avoid adverse effects on the qualifying interests of the River Dee SAC. As part of this process it is likely a Construction Environmental Management Plan will also be required.'

The PALDP therefore supports the principle of residential development on the site at a scale similar to, but greater than that proposed.

The allocation of the site was not proposed by Officers through the Main Issues Report (MIR), therefore there were no representations received regarding the site as part of the MIR.

The allocation of the site in the PALDP at the Full Council meeting on 2 March 2020 attracted a significant number of third-party objections (189) during the public consultation period on the PALDP between May and August 2020, including a formal objection from Aberdeenshire Council.

The following policies of the PALDP are relevant to the assessment of the application:

- B3 (Airport and Perwinnes Radar)
- Cl1 (Digital Infrastucture)
- D1 (Quality Placemaking)
- D2 (Amenity)
- D4 (Landscape)
- D5 (Landscape Design)
- D6 (Historic Environment)
- H1 (Residential Areas)
- H3 (Density)
- H4 (Housing Mix and Need)
- H5 (Affordable Housing)
- I1 (Infrastructure Delivery & Planning Obligations)

- LR1 (Land Release)
- NE2 (Green and Blue Infrastructure)
- NE3 (Natural Heritage)
- NE4 (Water Infrastructure)
- NE5 (Trees and Woodland)
- R2 (Degraded and Contaminated Land)
- R5 (Waste Management Requirements in New Development)
- R6 (Low + Zero Carbon & Water Efficiency)
- R8 (Heat Networks)
- T2 (Sustainable Transport)
- T3 (Parking)
- WB1 (Health Developments)
- WB2 (Air Quality)
- WB3 (Noise)

Other Material Considerations

Housing Land Audit 2020 - Aberdeen City & Aberdeenshire Councils, December 2020

The Housing Land Audit (HLA) illustrates the scale and characteristics of the housing land supply in Aberdeen City and Aberdeenshire. It is used to determine if there is sufficient land available for housing development and also to inform the planning of future infrastructure such as roads, schools and drainage.

Access from the South – Bridge of Dee Study – STAG Part 2 Appraisal

The Access from the South study looks at various options for an alternative crossing to the existing Bridge of Dee. One option indicates a new link road from the A92 to the B9077 at Leggart Terrace, through the application site.

NEXT STEPS

A report will be prepared by officers for a forthcoming meeting of the Planning Development Management Committee containing a full assessment of the proposed development and a recommendation to members.